



Atlantic Horseshoe Crab

(Limulus polyphemus)

Instant ID

- A crab-like, gray-brown marine (sea) animal up to 24 inches
- Has a semi-circular, domed shell with a joint half-way to the tail
- Portion after the joint has saw tooth-like spikes on both sides
- Tail roughly equal to body length and is slender and pointed
- Body inside the shell has 10 legs and book gills (appear similar to pages)

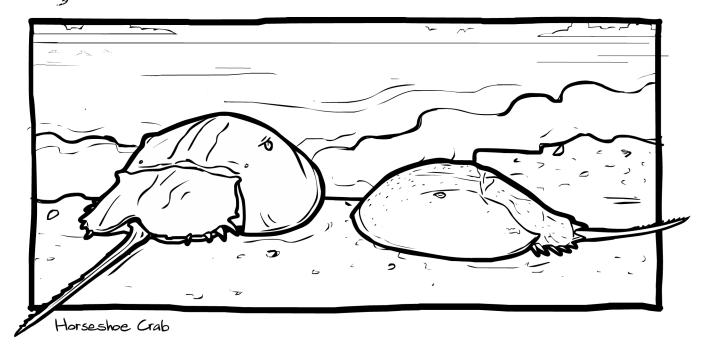
Native Niches

- Commonly seen breeding in May and June on beaches of the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico from Maine to the Yucatan Peninsula
- Lives in benthic (sea floor) regions up to 34 miles from the coast, yet little is known about its life in open water









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Favorite Foods

Eats clams and other benthic invertebrates

Critter Characteristics

- Blood is blue because it is copper-based
- Females are dramatically larger than males
- Swims upside-down at a 15° angle, aided by flapping its gills
- Unique eye structure and blood make it valuable for research

Population Protection

 Bycatch (accidental netting), medical research, harvesting for bait and getting stuck on its back are common threats to horseshoe crabs



